Making it work: key success stories

Catalonia pilot region applying the heavy rainfall workflow

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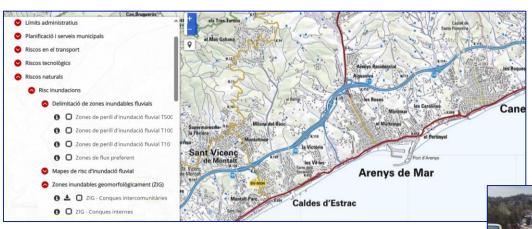
Catalonia pilot region







Civil protection in Catalonia









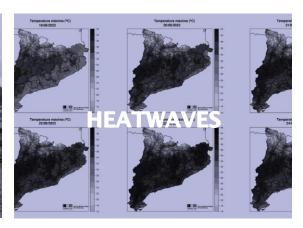




Hazards of interest











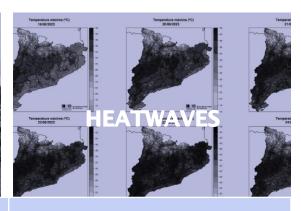
Hazards of interest



New areas at risk? Longer wildfire season? Days of extreme danger? Changes in the fire behaviour?



More frequent torrential episodes? Reduction of the return periods? New assets at risk? Reduction of the time to protect population?



More frequent and longer episodes?
Need to discuss thresholds?





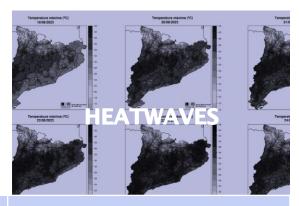
Hazards of interest



New areas at risk?
Longer wildfire season?
Days of extreme danger?
Changes in the fire
behaviour?



More frequent torrential episodes? Reduction of the return periods? New assets at risk? Reduction of the time to protect population?



More frequent and longer episodes?
Need to discuss thresholds?









Information of interest



- Reduction of the time available to prepare for intense rainfall episode (changes in intensity).
- Maximum accumulated precipitation in 24 hours.
- Maximum precipitation in 0.5 h, 1 h, 3 h. Frequency of torrential episodes.
- Frequency of maximum flows due to extreme floods (rivers).
- Frequency of sea storms.
- Area of coastline becoming (very) vulnerable to the effects of storms.
- Reduction of return periods in floodable areas (rivers and coast).
- Increase in flood level.
- Increase of the flood zone (500 years).



INUNCAT - Flooding Regional Plan

Study of the risk

Study of the hazard, vulnerability, zoning the territory, municipalities that should plan for flooding

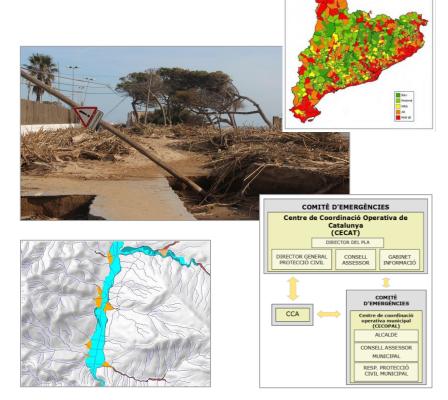
- Structure and organisation
- Operability

Pre-alert; alert and emergency phases. Alerting and coordination.

Phases depend on dams, weather forecasts (SMP), hydrological forecasts, and coastal flooding possibilities

- Resources and means
- · Implementation and updating of the plan

https://interior.gencat.cat/ca/arees_dactuacio/proteccio_civil/plans-proteccio-civil/plans-especials/inuncat/

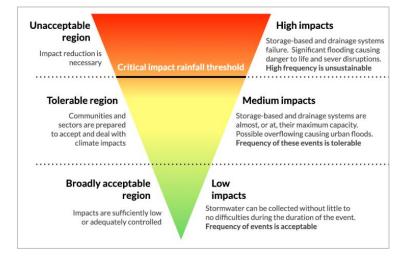






Heavy rainfall workflow





SMP grau 1, 2 i 3	SMP de grau 4, 5 i 6
Accumulated rainfall > 100mm/24hours	Accumulated rainfall > 200mm/24hours

Phases of INUNCAT Plan based on weather forecast	
Pre-alert	 SMP for intensity/accumulation of hazard at level 2 at short term and with the situation becoming worse* SMP for intensity/accumulation of hazard at level 3 at short and very short term.
Alert	 SMP for intensity/accumulation of hazard at level 3 at short term and with the situation becoming worse* SMP for intensity/accumulation of hazard at level 4, 5 or 6 at short and very short term.
Emergency	n.a

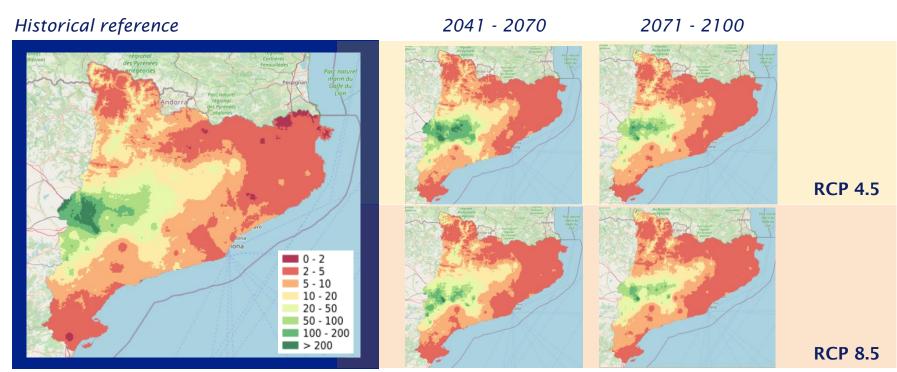
^{*}Conditions that can worsen the situation such as the saturation of the terrain, snow melt, state of riverbeds, etc.





Episodes of 100mm/24h. Return period



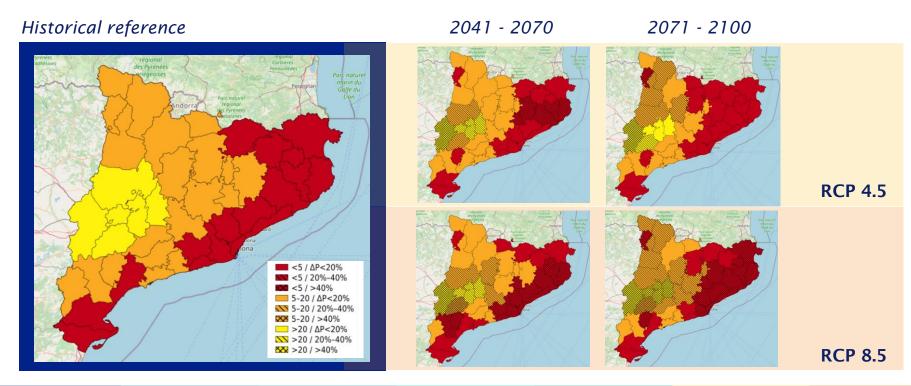






Episodes of 60mm/3h. Return period and change of intensity









Information of interest



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- Maximum accumulated precipitation in 24 hours.
- Maximum accumulated precipitation in 0,5h, 1h and 3h. Frequency of torrential episodes.
- Frequency of maximum flows due to extreme floods (rivers).
- Frequency of sea storms.
- Area of coastline becoming (very) vulnerable to the effects of storms.
- Reduction of return periods in floodable areas (rivers and coast).
- Increase in flood level.
- Increase of the flood zone (500 years).





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Thanks

